

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That so much of an act entitled "An act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending the 30th of June, 1855," as approved August 5th, 1854, as requires the navy agent at San Francisco, to discharge the duties of purser as well as of navy agent, be and the same is hereby repealed. Approved, February 21, 1861.

CHAP. LXV.
An Act to refund to the Territory of Utah the Expenses incurred in suppressing Indian Hostilities in the year 1859.
That there shall be allowed and paid to the Territory of Utah, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$53,512 20 to reimburse said Territory for expenses incurred in suppressing Indian hostilities in said Territory in the year 1859, being the amount so expended, less the excess paid to officers and soldiers by and for the Territory, over the rates allowed to the United States troops serving on the Pacific coast in the same year.
Approved, February 27, 1861.

Republished by Request.
Proceedings of the Outagamie County Agricultural Society.
The Trustees of the Outagamie County Agricultural Society met June 22d, 1861, 9 a. m.
President in the chair.
Fred Packard was elected Secretary pro tem.

There being no quorum adjourned to two p. m.
Met again at that hour, and there were present:

W. H. P. Bogan, President.
H. H. Stange, Treasurer.
S. Balliett, J. D. Van Vleet, R. Pearson, W. H. Seger, Wm. Lemure, John Versteegen.
Fred Packard was chosen Secretary pro tem.

On motion,
Resolved, That the President, Secretary, and Treasurer be, and are hereby authorized to lease a portion of the College Grounds, not less than five or more than fifteen acres, for the purpose of Fair Grounds, for such term of years as they may be able to get it.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee obtain appropriations of money from the County, and from the city of Appleton, and from citizens, for the purpose of clearing up and fencing such Fair Grounds as may be obtained, and preparing for the fair, and expend the money or materials so obtained for these purposes.

Resolved, That the fair be held on the 1st and 2d days of October.

The Society proceeded to appoint committees as follows:

Committee on Class A.—A. P. Lewis, S. Balliett, John Versteegen.

On Class B.—Wm. Youngs, Wm. Lemure, David Briggs.

Class C.—Ed. Rhoades, A. Foster, H. Van de Bogart.

Class D.—H. Kettner, S. J. Perry, Wm. Johnston.

Class E.—Robert Colburn, James McGilgan, P. H. Brien, Jr.

Class F.—Jm. Hersey, Joseph McNeill, Theodore Conkey.

Class G.—M. Knapstein, Edward Morgan, C. Gillett.

Class H.—Peter White, J. D. Van Vleet, E. H. Stone.

Class I.—Prof. Mason, Mrs. Spaulding, Mrs. Warner.

Class K.—D. B. Heath, J. H. Segar, A. C. Black.

Class L.—E. Sykes, Richard Baker, Thaddeus Beecher.

Class M.—G. A. Atkins, Mrs. James Thompson, Mrs. A. Foster.

Class N.—Robert Smith, Mrs. P. H. Smith, Mrs. Edgerton.

Class O.—E. C. Goff, Mrs. B. Douglas, Mrs. A. Ballard.

Class P.—A. Galpin, Mrs. R. Z. Mason, Mrs. Robert Smith.

Class R.—A. P. Lewis, Edward West, G. R. Wood.

On Farm and Garden Premiums.—P. Hammond, M. Warner, Louis Port.

On Discretionary Premiums.—R. R. Bate, J. H. Segar, John Versteegen.

On motion, the Executive Committee were authorized to fill vacancies on Premium Committees, and to make all arrangements necessary to prepare for the Fair.

On motion,
Resolved, That persons proposing to compete for premiums on farms or gardens enter their names, with a description of the farm or garden, by the 1st day of August.

On motion,
Resolved, That class A, in the Premium List, be corrected so as to read as follows:

Best bull over 2 and under 4 years,	\$5.00
2d best "	3.00
Best bull over 1 and under 2,	3.00
2d best "	1.50
Best bull calf,	1.50
" milch cow,	5.00
2d best "	3.00
Best heifer over 1 and under 3 years,	3.00
2d best "	1.50
Best heifer calf,	1.50
Best pair working oxen over 4 years,	5.00
2d best "	3.00
Best pair steers over 2, and under 4,	3.00
2d best "	1.50

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet on the call of the Executive Committee.

FREDRICK PACKARD,
Secretary pro tem.

Good Time—How it is Made.—A Lake Superior paper acknowledges the receipt of the Advocate Bulletin on the same day it is printed, or rather published. Well, our paper is a little ahead of anything lately, and the way of it is this: Through the kindness of the officers of Mr. Buck's river boats, the Fountain City and Bay City, who furnish a room for the purpose on each, we have the telegraph news put in type every day on board the boat. Two of our boys, each with a pair of cases, go up the river every morning, nearly to Appleton, when they meet the return boat, transfer the cases to it, get the Milwaukee morning dailies, and by the time the boat reaches our docks they have the telegraph news set up. Ten minutes thereafter our forms are made up and the paper is pressed, and before the mail is distributed, the Bulletin is circulated about the city.

On the evenings when the Swan, the Lake Superior mail boat, leaves this city, the Bulletin, dated for the next morning, is thrown on board. In the morning it is at Bay du Marquette. So the Lake Superior folks may read the news on the evening of the day it is published here, and as soon as many who live not more than 40 miles from here.—Bulletin.

All the regiments of volunteers that arrive at St. Louis are armed with the improved Minnie musket. Gen. Fremont has taken energetic measures to supply his men with first rate arms small and great. His batteries of rifled cannon are tremendous.

The British ship Harriet, from Mobile with a full cargo of cotton, arrived at Liverpool on the 6th inst., having run the blockade of Mobile. Her cargo will pay somebody an enormous profit, not less than 100 per cent. She had twelve cabin passengers.

Appleton Crescent.

CITY OF APPLETON.

Saturday, ----- Sept. 7, 1861.

Democratic State Convention.

A Convention of the Democracy of the State of Wisconsin, will be held at the Capital, in Madison, on the second day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers, and transacting such other business as may come before the Convention.

By resolution of the last Democratic State Convention, each Assembly district will be entitled to two delegates. The districts will be represented under the new apportionment.

The Committee recommend, that no person be admitted as a delegate, or as a voter, who is not duly accredited by the electors of the district in which he resides, and that no delegate be allowed more than one vote in said Convention.

The Committee also recommend, that the meeting for the election of delegates be called for the 21st day of September, and that the several district committees be organized, and that the immediate action of the same, and that the call be extended to all citizens, registered in the several districts, and every of the Republican party.

BERNARD BROWN, Chairman.
J. W. WENSTERS, ANDREW WITKAMP,
JAMES DEWEY, WILLIAM M. NILES,
FAYNE HENRY, GEORGE H. REED,
JAMES VOYLES, J. D. REYNOLDS.

Democratic State Central Committee.
Milwaukee, August 14, 1861.

What can it Mean?

Is it possible that the Administration intends to yield to the demands and belittles of the ultra Abolitionists, and proclaim "Freedom to the Slave"? Can it be, that all the compromises and guarantees of the Constitution of the United States are to be overwhelmed or submerged by a fanatical theory? NO. The Administration, so far, has emphatically declared that all its efforts and energies are put forth to suppress all hostility and opposition to "the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws."

What then can it mean, that so many so-called "Republican" papers and "Republican" leaders, as for example the Milwaukee Sentinel, and U. S. Senator DOUGLASS of our own State, should earnestly, persistently and continuously seek to impress upon the public mind the idea that the present is a war for the extermination of Negro Servitude; a war to flood Wisconsin with a race of beings whom we shall all be obliged to treat as inferiors, no matter what laws may be passed by the State Legislature acknowledging them as equal?

It is the intention of the Negro Equality portion of our political opponents to undertake to upset the very Administration they assisted to establish, because that Administration regarded its oath to support the Constitution and obey the laws? If so, and if the efforts of this Abolition lezard are to prevail; if the Administration is to yield and flood Wisconsin with a population utterly capable of taking care of themselves—as the history of a thousand years has fully demonstrated—then CIVIL WAR, with all its attendant horrors must be forced upon us, and we shall not shrink from its consequences.

With all its faults, and mistakes, and shortcomings, we can thank God that the Administration has not in any respect endorsed the fanaticism of negro worshiping Abolitionism; and, so long as it reverses, upholds and defends the great principles of Democracy, which underlie, support and sustain our system of Government the "Appleton Crescent" will not hesitate to yield its meed of praise. When it turns aside to fraternizing with Abolitionism, Nullification, or any other of those pestilential issues which have cursed Wisconsin and the Union, we shall hold it a duty to do all in our power to bring about a different state of things.

"If this be treason, make the most of it."

Democratic Senatorial Committee.

The following gentlemen constitute the Democratic Senatorial Committee for this district:

T. R. Hudd, Outagamie, John Wiley, Shawano, W. R. Crissey, Oconto, D. C. McIntosh, Door.

The population of the several Counties according to the U. S. Census, is as follows:

Door	2,348
Oconto	3,602
Outagamie	9,597
Shawano	829
Total	10,978

Giving one delegate to each 800, and one for each fifty over half, would make an apportionment as follows:

Door 4; Oconto 5; Outagamie 11; Shawano 1.—Total 21.

We commend this to the attention of the Committee.

Democratic Co. Committee.

The County Committee consists of W. H. P. Bogan of Grand Chute, J. H. Seger of Greenville, L. Collar Horton, Milo Coles, Bovina, P. H. O'Brien, Freedom, M. Gerrits, Kaukauna, J. D. Pierce and T. R. Hudd, Appleton.

A meeting of the Committee should be held at an early day to consider the course to be pursued in the coming election.

The Appleton Crescent is mistaken in giving the position of Mr. C. H. White to the army.—He is "Sutler to the 5th Wis. Regiment."—Bulletin.

O yes, Mr. Bulletin, we were mistaken also in the number of your men who, according to the Green Bay Press have so gallantly volunteered to serve their Country—as officers! About a dozen officers already, and not a solitary Company! no more than a half dozen men from Brown County in the ranks! For shame.

We have thought that our own County was doing bad enough, but we have 53 men in the field now, and two Companies are now nearly filled up, yet we have not an officer aside from those belonging to the Companies.

An anonymous communication, reflecting severely on individuals concerned with Post Office operations here, is rejected. We don't publish such articles, except accompanied by the author's name. And even then in this case we hardly think we could give it place in our sheet.

Facts and Thoughts for Volunteers.

Under the new army regulations and during the continuance of the war, the army is a noble field for men of spirit, industry, courage and character. And it is the writer's wish to show how the opportunities may be taken advantage of, in order to insure the promotion of the soldier to such positions as he would like to hold. An opportunity is worth nothing to him who will not use it. An opening is of no value to him that will not enter in.

So then, it is by no means a trifling thing for the volunteer to know how to gain the ends of a praiseworthy ambition.

We begin by calling attention to the fact, that any body of soldiers, from a company upward, consists of privates, non-commissioned officers and commissioned officers.

Under old regulations, the officering of our army was exclusively aristocratic and exclusive. A private could not become a commissioned officer, let him be the finest military genius in the world. Now, by new regulations, that is all changed. One third of the commissions in the regular cavalry and infantry are to be bestowed upon deserving privates or non-commissioned officers. And in the volunteers, there is no limit to opening for promotions from the rank and file. So that every volunteer knows that he may have a general's commission, if only he will win it by conduct, skill and character. Already many who left home as privates, are now captains or lieutenants.

And since condensed and pithy expressions are easily recollected, the following two are given, to be engraved on the memory, and to be a thousand times repeated whilst standing a solitary sentry in the night watches, or marching foot sore over long and wearisome roads, or suffering cold, hunger, thirst, pain and affliction. Here they are:

I. The three foundation virtues of the soldier are—

Obedience, Courage and Cheerful Patience.

II. The six great roots of a soldier's success are—

Character, health and will; Enterprise, tact and skill.

One can never know how much truth and meaning are packed into the three lines above, until he has seen much of life, of men, of service, and of affairs. Unless the soldier is thoroughly obedient, has undoubted courage and bears his thousand hardships and discomforts with an obstinate patience, he is no soldier; but is a pest to himself and his comrades, and an abhorrence to his officers. In fine, without each and every one of the three foundation virtues, the volunteer's term of service will be a sorrowful and disgraceful failure.

The Memphis Post Office.

We have satisfied ourselves since our last issue, that the severe charges preferred against A. B. JACKSON of this city, in connection with the removal of the Postmaster of that village, are not substantiated. Mr. JACKSON is about to take up his residence in Memphis, and, like every other man of his party, if he has any choice as to Postmaster, he certainly is at full liberty to express it.

We have not intended to misrepresent him: if we have done so unintentionally, this explanation should be sufficient.

Good Advice.—The Catholic clergy of Chicago have advised all unemployed men in their congregations to enlist in General Fremont's army.

In 1856 too many of our churches, headed by bigots throughout the country, dishonored political clap trap every Sunday, and sounded forth, in whining tones, the perfect trade against our country and its institutions. The Catholic denomination was frequently denounced as treasonable to our government. The Catholic clergy then, as now, enjoyed their congregation to love and cherish their whole country, while by the laws and respect the Constitution.

Since the war broke out, the Catholic clergy have superintended Union "flag raisings" all over the land. Father Dael, of this place, gave heart and voice to this noble work in May last, and continues to aid our great cause by the liveliest sympathy, evinced in efforts to induce men to volunteer for our "Grand Army." Let us hear no more of denominational proscriptions in the future.

The Appleton Post Office war has now subsided, in a great measure. Mr. Robinson has received, and is armed with, his Commission, which he can wield over the heads of all malcontents, and enforce submission of the "outs." He will doubtless soon take possession—probably as soon as he can get a new set of boxes, which we understand he is now preparing.

We suppose that Mr. Robinson will generously forgive those of his own faith, who opposed him so bitterly, they evince due repentance for the past, and give sufficient guaranty of future good behavior!

Mr. Elliott, in retiring, will carry with him the regrets and good wishes of a large majority of those he has waited on as P. M., for a number of years past.

Tax Income Tax.—It may not have been generally noticed that the act laying taxes upon incomes, goes into effect on the first of January next, not on the first of April, 1862, as the original bill of the draft provided. Moreover, the tax is payable on incomes received during the present year. The forty-ninth section of the act contains this clause:

The tax herein provided shall be assessed upon the annual income of the persons hereinafter named for the year preceding the time for assessing said tax, to wit: the year next preceding the first of January, 1860.

All persons, therefore, who are in the receipt of incomes exceeding eight hundred dollars a year, must pay their tax at the rate of three per cent. for the present year.

GEN. SCHENCK.—This officer has been detailed for duty in Western Virginia.

Democratic County Convention for selecting State and Senatorial delegates will be held in this city on 21st day of Sept. Call next week. Representation as usual.

Outagamie County Bank.

The proposal made by Mr. Cronkrite has been accepted by two thirds of the creditors of the bank, and it is expected that it will be carried into effect as soon as Mr. Cronkrite returns from the East.

Parties who have not yet acceded to the arrangement, and desire to do so, will find the necessary documents for their signature at the Bank building, with Mr. Ballard, or at Mr. Packard's office.

From reading "Brick Pomeroy's" paper, we should judge Dan Rice's famed Rhinoceros has almost as many lives as the telegraph gives the secession leaders! What a magnificent providence that rhinoceros has been for Black. Can't some one send him another.

The West Bend Post in copying our article on the accident to Mr. Lansing, says of Dr. Fuller, who attended Mr. L.: "It will be remembered that Dr. F. formerly resided in Barton, where he commenced the study of his profession under Dr. Hayes. He afterwards went to Chicago, and entered the Lind Medical College, where the degree of M. D., was awarded him. He has since removed to Appleton, and gone into the practice of his profession with one of the best physicians in the State, Dr. Tompkins. Dr. Fuller is yet quite young, and these marks of his qualifications as to being a physician worthy the honors conferred upon him, we are happy to notice. Here is success to you, Sir."

On the 1st of Sept. Repub. Icon. AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.—This is the most valuable agricultural journal of the country. Though published in New York, every number contains articles of utility to farmers in every section of the country. Its pictorial illustrations are excellent. It is difficult to see how it can be afforded at the low price of a dollar a year, except that its circulation is extensive. The proprietor, Mr. Judd, presents extraordinary inducements to subscribers, and makes good his promises. The editor offers one copy free to every family sending for it. It will certainly pay to send for the number now, before us of Sept. 1st. Send to Orange, Judd, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

A BIG BURN.—In Chicago, on Thursday, nearly two hundred thousand stamps and stamped envelopes were destroyed—the fictitious value of which was nearly seven thousand five hundred dollars. This destruction was caused by Judge Sloane, special agent of the Post Office Department, whose business now-a-days seems to be to travel about the country and destroy by fire all the stamps and envelopes of the old pattern, first taking an account of each of the same.

SOLDIERS' PAY.—This is fully supplied that the act of Congress increasing the pay of the soldier, two dollars per month in addition to non-commissioned officers, which is not the case. The first was given on the 6th of August, and the last on the 21st.

THE NATIONAL DEFENSIVE POLICE.—The national detective police, says the World, will be organized and in active operation. At its head will be placed a well known western detective, of national reputation, and the supervision of the force will extend over the whole country.

NO STATE FAIR THIS YEAR.—It being found necessary to occupy the grounds generally used for State Fair purposes, for military encampments, the Agricultural Society has deemed it judicious to disperse with the usual annual State Fair this year.

A HUMBING.—The Rochester Union calls Daniel S. Dickinson, "the Southern Tier Humbing." If he is a humbug, his hamstrings with patriotic music and wonderful eloquence. We wish there were more such "humbings" as Mr. Dickinson.

WACKINIA SENATOR.—John Hodgson, Esq. of Pewaukee, has been unanimously elected Senator to fill the vacancy in the 10th Senatorial District.

STUCK.—The laborers in the laboratory in Memphis, where the cartridges are made, struck on the 23d ult., and refused to work any longer.

REDUCING HOTEL RATES.—The leading hotels of New York have reduced their rates from ten to twenty-five per cent.

PORT SCOTT.—Gen. Lane has reached Port Scott, in Missouri, with 2,300 men, and is strengthening it.

DROWNED.—On Saturday morning, August 31, while passing the steamer Poutain City through the 4th lock at Kaukauna the tender of the Croche lock was drowned.

It seems that he and another man were closing one of the gates: the man that was drowned was pulling and the other pushing on the screw, but before they had closed the gate the valves were opened and the water rushed in, causing the lower gate to close suddenly, and one was precipitated into the water. He struck on his back, and as he fell some distance he must have been stunned for he sunk and did not rise. His name was John Gorcus. He leaves a wife and two children. It was entirely accidental thinking the gates closed. His body was in the water about an hour it was recovered.—Adv. Bulletin.

Cleveland, Sept. 5.
The Union Convention held in Columbus today, was very large and enthusiastic. Thomas Ewing presided. David Todd was nominated for Governor, and Ben Stanton, (Republican), for Lieutenant Governor. The balance of the State tickets was divided between Democrats and Republicans.

Philadelphia, 5.
The schooners Emma Amelia Eagle and Henry Cole were seized to-day under the confiscation act. Also, 63 boxes of tobacco, and nearly \$9,000 worth of property of Mr. S. E. Daily, of Richmond, a Captain of the rebel army.

The Life says: "Mrs. Bloomer, (Leslie) recently connected with the Wagon Item, is about to publish the Richmond Zouave, at Richmond Center, and will also resume the publication of the Badger State Monthly. The latter will be a literary quarto, issued twice a month, at 50 cents a year.

Editor Crescent:—Some persons are bound to have it, that fruit cannot be raised in Wisconsin; that the whole state is perfectly unnatural for it; that its soil and climate is utterly opposed to the raising of Apples, at least, and will argue that no one need try to raise them, for they can't do it.

Others say that these assertions, as briefly stated above, are groundless from beginning to end, as the old loggia will find when they get their eyes open. Should any of them call upon William Amos, in the town of Greenville, Outagamie Co., he would show them an eye opener. He has forty-five apple trees, which he says are only eight years from setting. They will average fifteen and a half inches in circumference, with large spreading tops, nearly loaded down with fruit, large, finest and fairest, so that the limbs of many have to be braced up.

I think that I never saw all the trees of an orchard of that size and age, so loaded, in the East; and a gentleman from Indiana, says that he never saw it there, and it is doubtful if its equal can be every easily found.

Mr. Amos says that he thinks, that as to fruit trees succeeding here, there is much in the variety of fruit as also in the setting out and taking care of the trees. As to setting out, while in the state of New York, he and his brother each got fifty apple trees, both took them up at the same time, and set them out at the same time, and that there were the same variety in each lot, and set out in close proximity to each other, and that his fifty trees all lived and when he left the State were bearing finely, while his brother had but three of his alive, and they might as well have been dead as for all the fruit they bore. And then the whole difference appears to have been in the setting out and taking care of them.

He says, that here before setting, the soil wants to be mellowed up deep, and if clay and very tenacious it wants underdraining. That the trees should be set near the top of the ground and immediately mulched, (he thinks chip mulch the best), and then says he would put nothing in his orchard that grows higher than potatoes, and prefers turnips. That he likes to hoe the dirt away from his trees frequently, putting fresh soil in its stead.

Z. C. F.

THE BATTLE OF SHENKSVILLE.—The information received by the War Department in reference to the brilliant affair of Col. Tyler, in Western Virginia, shows that, although surrounded by a force outnumbering his own five to one, his loss killed is not more than fifteen, and most of those who were missing have since got back to camp. Col. Tyler brought away all his baggage and munitions, and left the enemy so crippled that they were unable to follow.

THE EAST INDIA SQUADRON.—Official despatches from the East Indies, state that the flag officer has received the orders of the N. Y. Department for the immediate return of the squadron to the United States. One ship will, however, be left there, and also on the coasts of Africa and Brazil, after these squadrons shall have been withdrawn for blockading purposes.

THE NATIONAL DEFENSIVE POLICE.—The national detective police, says the World, will be organized and in active operation. At its head will be placed a well known western detective, of national reputation, and the supervision of the force will extend over the whole country.

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Floating.

The noted privateer Jeff. Davis was recently wrecked at St. Augustine, Florida, while trying to get over the bar. The crew were all saved.

The public schools of Galena will not be opened this season, owing to the lack of funds.

George E. H. Day, of St. Anthony, (formerly of Milwaukee) has been appointed a special Indian Commissioner for all the Indians east of the Rocky Mountains, and north of Nebraska. His duties are, we believe, to inquire into their general condition and see that their treaty stipulations with the United States are faithfully carried out.

In Syracuse, N. Y., boys are not allowed to play at billiards. No one under 21 years of age can frequent billiard rooms without being liable to prosecution.

Fletcher Woodward, who had a national reputation as "the first husband of Susan Denin," died in Cleveland a few days since. Twelve thousand troops are still at Aquia Creek, making a new battery, four miles above the mouth of the creek.

Gen. Fremont has now 60,000 men in St. Louis, which he is fortifying. More troops arrive every day.

Early on last Saturday morning, Mr. Haney's house, at Blue Mounds, caught fire and was entirely destroyed. He only succeeded in saving some of his furniture.

An immense raft of timber and lumber arrived at Detroit from Saginaw last Tuesday. It contained 200,000 cubic ft. of timber and 100 spars, for Quebec, and 1,200,000 feet of pine lumber for Buffalo.

The Cincinnati Enquirer announces a sale of tobacco in that city recently at \$19.50 per hundred, and says it is the highest price obtained in that or any other Western tobacco market for years.

Mrs. Gray, of Lynn, Mass., died recently from the effects of the shock produced by an erroneous report that her husband had been killed at Bull Run.

Mrs. Mary Parmenter, of Rochester, died recently at the age of 102½ years. For a century she had never shown one day of sickness, except that incident to 13 additions to the American population.

Catherine Hayes, the celebrated Irish vocalist, is dead, as we learn by the late news from England. Miss Hayes was a native of Limerick, Ireland, and was 41 years of age. She was one of the most charming and distinguished singers in the world, both in concert and opera. In singing the national melodies of her country she was without an equal.

The sugar crop of Louisiana is said to be very large this year, but the planters have no way to dispose of it.

A schooner laden with naval stores from Charleston to Liverpool was seized at while trying to run the blockade, and brought to New York.

General Scott has issued an order, saying the Treasury will issue treasury notes for \$5, \$10 and \$20, to pay soldiers hereafter.

Several more arrests have been made in the Eastern States, and the victims sent to Fort Lafayette.

Ex-Governor Wright, late Minister to Berlin, will arrive at Indianapolis on Saturday, where extensive preparations are being made for his reception.

The Government has assurance that recruiting is going on with great briskness. The average number recruiting is about 5,000 per day.

The steamship Arabia has arrived with European dates to the 2

